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game and entertainment company founded in 1955 by Masaya Nakamura which operated video games, films, toys, and arcade games such as the 1960s, it manufactured electro-mechanical arcade games such as the 1960s, it manufactured electro-mechanical arcade games such as the 1960s, it manufactured electro-mechanical arcade games, films, toys, and arcade games such as the 1960s, it manufactured electro-mechanical arcade games such as the 1960s, it manufactured electro-mechanical arcade games such as the 1960s, it manufactured electro-mechanical arcade games such as the 1960s, it manufactured electro-mechanical arcade games such as the 1960s, it manufactured electro-mechanical arcade games such as the 1960s, it manufactured electro-mechanical arcade games such as the 1960s, it manufactured electro-mechanical arcade games such as the 1960s, it manufactured electro-mechanical arcade games such as the 1960s, it manufactured electro-mechanical arcade games such as the 1960s, it manufactured electro-mechanical arcade games such as the 1960s, it manufactured electro-mechanical arcade games are the 1960s game electro-mechanic
of Atari in 1974, distributing games such as Breakout and Gee Bee. Among Namco's first major hits was the fixed shooter Galaxian in 1980. During the golden age of arcade video games in the early 1980s, Namco released titles such as Galaga, Xevious, and Pole Position. Namco entered the home market in 1984 with conversions
of its arcade games. Namco produced several multi-million-selling game franchises, such as Pac-Man, Galaxian, Tekken, Tales, Ridge Racer, Ace Combat, and Taiko no Tatsujin. In 2006, Namco merged with Bandai to form Bandai Namco Holdings. (Fullarticle...)Recently featured: The Boat Race 2018Radar, Gun Laying, Mk.I and Mk.IIAndrea
NavageroArchiveBy emailMore featured articlesAboutSylvilagus aquaticus... that the swamp rabbit (pictured) is both territorial and a great swimmer?... that no other month in a calendar year starts with the same day of the week as June?... that no other month in a calendar year starts with the same day of the week as June?... that no other month in a calendar year starts with the same day of the week as June?... that no other month in a calendar year starts with the same day of the week as June?... that no other month in a calendar year starts with the same day of the week as June?... that no other month in a calendar year starts with the same day of the week as June?... that no other month in a calendar year starts with the same day of the week as June?... that no other month in a calendar year starts with the same day of the week as June?... that no other month in a calendar year starts with the same day of the week as June?... that no other month in a calendar year starts with the same day of the week as June?... that no other month in a calendar year starts with the same day of the week as June?... that no other month in a calendar year starts with the same day of the week as June?... that no other month in a calendar year starts with the same day of the week as June?... that no other month in a calendar year starts with the same day of the week as June?... that no other month is a calendar year starts with the same day of the week as June?... that no other month is a calendar year starts with the same day of the week as June?... that no other month is a calendar year starts with the same day of the week as June?... that no other month is a calendar year starts with the same day of the week as June?... that no other month is a calendar year starts with the same day of the week as June?... that no other month is a calendar year starts with the same day of the week as June?... the same day of the week
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whether the family who lived in a house wrongly raided by the FBI may sue the government?... that Romanian sports shooter Petre Cimigiu demanded the elimination of a pension gap between Olympic and non-Olympic champions, such as himself?... that the novel Looking Glass Girl was launched at Coventry Central Library to highlight the threat of
17 libraries in the city closing?... that John P. Morris won a strike by hiding pigeons in fur coats? ArchiveStart a new articleNominate an articleNominate and articleNominate articleNomin
Surinamese general election, the National Democratic Party wins the most seats in the National Assembly. In motor racing, lex Palou wins the Indianapolis 500. Ongoing: Gaza warM23 campaignRussian invasion of UkrainetimelineSudanese civil wartimelineRecent deaths: Harrison Ruffin TylerPhil RobertsonMary K. GaillardPeter DavidAlan
YentobGerry ConnollyNominate an articleJune 1Wreckage of American Airlines Flight 14201676 Scanian War: The Swedish warship Kronan, one of the largest ships in the world at the time, sank at the Battle of land with the loss of around 800 men. 1857 The Revolution of the Ganhadores, the first general strike in Brazil, began in Salvador,
Bahia.1974 In an informal article in a medical journal, Henry Heimlich introduced the concept of abdominal thrusts, commonly known as the Heimlich maneuver, to treat victims of choking.1988 Group representation constituencies were introduced to the parliament of Singapore.1999 On landing at Little Rock National Airport in the U.S. state of
Arkansas, American Airlines Flight 1420 overran the runway and crashed (wreckage pictured), resulting in 11 deaths. Kitabatake Chikafusa (d.1354)Louisa Caroline Tuthill (d.1879)Tom Holland (b.1996)Faizul Waheed (d.2021)More anniversaries: May 31June 1June 2ArchiveBy emailList of days of the yearAboutDrosera capensis, commonly known as
the Cape sundew, is a perennial rosette-forming carnivorous plant in the family Droseraceae. It is endemic to the Western Cape and Eastern Cap
bend inward and the leaves curl around it, preventing escape and enhancing digestion by increasing the surface area of the leaf in contact with the prey. This time-lapse video shows a D.capensis leaf curling up around a Mediterranean fruit fly over a period of approximately six hours. Video credit: Scott Schiller Recently featured: Cucumis
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Gregorian calendarand a leap year starting on Saturday of the Julian calendar, the 1676th year of the 2ndmillennium, the 76th year of the 17thcentury, and the 7th year of the 1670s decade. As of the start of 1676, the Gregorian calendar was 10 days ahead of the Julian
calendar, which remained in localized use until 1923. Calendar year December 4: Battle of LundJanuary 29 Feodor III becomes Tsar of Russia. January 31 Universidad de San Carlos de Guatemala, the oldest institution of higher education in Central America, is founded. [1] January Six months into King Philip's War, Metacomet (King Philip), leader of
the Algonquian tribe known as the Wampanoag, travels westward to the Mohawk nation, seeking an alliance with the Mohawks against the English colonists of New England; his efforts in creating such an alliance are a failure. February 10 After the Nipmuc tribe attacks Lancaster, Massachusetts, colonist Mary Rowlandson is taken captive, and lives
with the Indians until May. February 14 Metacomet and his Wampanoags attack Northampton, Massachusetts Council debates whether a wall should be erected around Boston. February 23 While the Massachusetts Council debates whether a wall should be erected around Boston. February 23 While the Massachusetts Council debates whether a wall should be erected around Boston. February 23 While the Massachusetts Council debates whether a wall should be erected around Boston. February 23 While the Massachusetts Council debates whether a wall should be erected around Boston. February 23 While the Massachusetts Council debates whether a wall should be erected around Boston.
a coalition of Indians led by Metacomet attacks colonial settlements just 16km (9.9mi) outside of Boston. March 29 Providence, Rhode Island is attacked and destroyed by Metacomet attacks colonial settlements just 16km (9.9mi) outside of Boston. March 29 Providence, Rhode Island is attacked and destroyed by Metacomet attacks colonial settlements just 16km (9.9mi) outside of Boston. March 29 Providence, Rhode Island is attacked and destroyed by Metacomet attacks colonial settlements just 16km (9.9mi) outside of Boston. March 29 Providence, Rhode Island is attacked and destroyed by Metacomet attacks colonial settlements just 16km (9.9mi) outside of Boston. March 29 Providence, Rhode Island is attacked and destroyed by Metacomet attacks colonial settlements just 16km (9.9mi) outside of Boston.
settlers. He is offered a chance to live if he makes peace with the English, refuses, and is executed the next day in Stonington, Connecticut. April 12 Richard Raynsford becomes the new Lord Chief Justice of England and Wales. April 21 Sudbury Fight: The village of Sudbury, Massachusetts is attacked by Metacom's Wampanoag Confederation as one of
the last major battles of King Phillip's War. Captain Samuel Wadworth and 28 of his men are killed in the defense of the town. April 22 The Battle of Augusta is fought in the Mediterranean Sea off of the coast of Sicily during the Franco-Dutch War. The French Navy and the combined Dutch Republic and Spanish forces each lose over 500 men. May 2
Mary Rowlandson is ransomed from captivity by Native Americans by a subscription raised by women of Boston. May 19 Peskeomskut Massacre: Battle of Turner's Falls Captain William Turner leads a raid at first light on an encampment consisting mainly of women and children. An estimated 300-400 lives are taken in less than half an hour, first from
gunshot directly into the sleeping tents, then by sword and by drowning as the victims try to flee. This incident happens on the west bank of the Connecticut River, just above the falls known as Turner's Falls in Gill, Massachusetts. May 26 A fire destroys the town hall and 624 houses in Southwark, London. [2] May 31 The Massachusetts Council finally
decides to move the Christian Indians from Deer Island to Cambridge, Massachusetts (approximate date). June 1 Scanian War: Battle of land A combined fleet of the Dutch Republic and DenmarkNorway decisively defeats the Swedish Navy, which loses its flagship Kronan. June 12 The Indian coalition attacks Hadley, Massachusetts, but are repelled by
Connecticut troops. June 19 Massachusetts issues a declaration of amnesty to any Indian who surrenders. June Bacon's Rebellion begins in the Virginia. July 2 Major John Talcott and his troops begin sweeping Connecticut and Rhode Island, capturing
large numbers of Native Americans from Algonquian tribes and exporting them out of the English colonies as slaves. July 4 Captain Benjamin Church and his soldiers begin sweeping Plymouth Colony, for any remaining Wampanoags attack Taunton, Massachusetts, but are repelled by colonists. July 17 In France,
Madame de Brinvilliers is executed for poisoning her father and brothers. The case also scares King Louis XIV into starting a series of investigations about possible poisonings and witchcraft (later called the Affair of the Poisons). July 27 Nearly 200 Nipmuc tribesmen surrender to the English colonists in Boston. July 30 Virginia colonist Nathaniel Bacon
and his makeshift army issue a Declaration of the People of Virginia, instigating Bacon's Rebellion against the rule of Governor William Berkeley. August 12 King Philip (Metacomet), chief of the Wampanoags that had waged a war throughout southern New England that bore his
name, is killed by an Indian named Alderman, a soldier led by Captain Benjamin Church. August 17 Battle of Halmstad (fought at Fyllebro): Sweden gains a decisive victory over DenmarkNorway. August 28 The Irish Donation of 1676 is shipped from Dublin, to relieve Boston in the Massachusetts Bay Colony. September 19The Russo-Turkish War
(16761681) begins, with Russo-Ukrainian troops forcing pro-Ottoman Hetman Ivan Samoylovych to surrender Chyhyryn. Bacon's Rebellion: Jamestown is burned to the ground by the forces of Nathaniel Bacon. September 21 Pope Innocent XI succeeds Pope Clement X, as the 240th Pope of the Roman Catholic Church. October 13 Battle of Gegodog:
Trunajaya defeats the Mataram Sultanate. October 17 The Treaty of urawno is signed, between the Ottoman (Turkish) Empire and PolishLithuanian Commonwealth. November 27 A fire in Boston, Massachusetts, is accidentally set by a careless and sleepy
apprentice, who drops a lighted candle, or leaves it too near some combustible substance; this is the largest fire known at this time in the district. The Rev. Increase Mathers church, dwelling and a portion of his personal library are destroyed.[3]December 4 Scanian War Battle of Lund: Sweden defeats the forces of Denmark.December 7 Ole Rmer
makes the first quantitative measurements of the speed of light. December 21 Sands baronets created in the Baronetage of Ireland. [4] Emperor Yohannes I of Ethiopia decrees that Muslims must live separately from Christians throughout his realm. Anton van Leeuwenhoek discovers microorganisms. An bo Lantdag (assembly) meets in Turku,
Finland. The French East India Company founds its principal Indian base at Pondicherry, on the Coromandel Coast. The first coffeehouse in North America opens in Boston. [5] Robert Walpole March 17 Thomas Boston, Scottish church leader (d. 1732) March 27 Francis II Rkczi, Hungarian rebel against the Habsburgs (d. 1735) April 23 King Frederick I of
Sweden (d. 1751)May 26 Maria Clara Eimmart, German astronomer, engraver and designer (d. 1707)May 28 Jacopo Riccati, Italian mathematician (d. 1754)June 21 Anthony Collins, English philosopher (d. 1729)July 3 Leopold I, Prince of Anhalt-Dessau, Prussian
field marshal (d. 1747)July 14 Caspar Abel, German theologian, historian, poet (d. 1763)August 26 Robert Walpole, first Prime Minister of the United Kingdom (d. 1743)October 8 Benito Jernimo Feijo y
Montenegro, Spanish scholar (d. 1764)October 19 Rodrigo Anes de S Almeida e Meneses, 1st Marquis of Abrantes, Portuguese diplomat (d. 1733)November 8 Louise Bndicte de Bourbon, duchess of Maine, daughter in law of Louis XIV (d.1753)date unknown Alexander Selkirk, Scottish sailor (d. 1721)John ClarkeMichiel de RuyterMatthew HaleJanuary
7 Marco Faustini, Italian opera manager (b. 1606) January 13 Isaac Commelin, Dutch historian (b. 1598) January 14 Francesco Cavalli, Italian composer (b. 1621) January 29 Tsar Alexis of Russia (b. 1629) February 3 Francis Chauveau, French painter (b. 1613) February 14 Abraham Bosse, French
engraver and artist (b. c. 1604)February 20 Hugh Forth, English politician (b. 1610)March 2 Juan de Almoguera, Roman Catholic prelate who served as Archbishop of Lima (16731676) and Bishop of Arequipa (16591673) (b. 1590)March 21 Henri Sauval, French historian (b. 1623)March 22 Lady Anne Clifford, 14th Baroness de Clifford (b. 1590)March 21 Henri Sauval, French historian (b. 1623)March 22 Lady Anne Clifford, 14th Baroness de Clifford (b. 1590)March 21 Henri Sauval, French historian (b. 1623)March 22 Lady Anne Clifford, 14th Baroness de Clifford (b. 1590)March 21 Henri Sauval, French historian (b. 1623)March 21 Henri Sauval, French historian (b. 1623)March 22 Lady Anne Clifford, 14th Baroness de Clifford (b. 1590)March 21 Henri Sauval, French historian (b. 1623)March 22 Lady Anne Clifford, 14th Baroness de Clifford (b. 1590)March 21 Henri Sauval, French historian (b. 1623)March 21 Henri Sauval, French histo
23 Paul Wrtz, Swedish general (b. 1612)March 27 Bernardino de Rebolledo, Spanish poet, soldier and diplomat (b. 1597)April 5 John Winthrop the Younger, Governor of Connecticut (b. 1606)April 8 Claudia Felicitas of Austria, Holy Roman Empress (b. 1653)April 20 John Clarke, English physician (b. 1609)April 29 Michiel de Ruyter, Dutch admiral (b. 1606)April 8 Claudia Felicitas of Austria, Holy Roman Empress (b. 1653)April 20 John Clarke, English physician (b. 1609)April 29 Michiel de Ruyter, Dutch admiral (b. 1606)April 8 Claudia Felicitas of Austria, Holy Roman Empress (b. 1653)April 20 John Clarke, English physician (b. 1609)April 29 Michiel de Ruyter, Dutch admiral (b. 1606)April 8 Claudia Felicitas of Austria, Holy Roman Empress (b. 1653)April 20 John Clarke, English physician (b. 1609)April 20 John Clarke, E
1607)May 5 Sir Richard Lloyd, English politician (b. 1608)May 7 Henri Valois, French historian (b. 1608)June 1 Karl Kaspar von der Leyen, German Catholic archbishop (b. 1618)June 7 Paul Gerhardt, German hymnist (b. 1606)June 13 Princess
Henriette Adelaide of Savoy, wife of Ferdinand Maria (b. 1636)June 16 Nathaniel Dickinson, American settler (b. 1601)June 29 Hendrik van der Borcht II, German painter (b. 1613)July 8 Francis I Rkczi, Hungarian prince of Transylvania (b. 1645)July Jesse Wharton colonial governor of MarylandJuly 5 Carl Gustaf Wrangel, Swedish soldier (b. 1613)July 8 Francis I Rkczi, Hungarian prince of Transylvania (b. 1645)July 1645
12 Duchess Elisabeth Sophie of Mecklenburg, German poet composer and (by marriage) Duchess of Brunswick-Lneburg (b. 1613)July 22 Pope Clement X (b. 1590)July 25 Franois Hdelin, abb d'Aubignac, French writer (b. 1604)July 17 Madame de Brinvilliers, French murderer (b. 1630)August 11 Hans Jakob Christoffel von Grimmelshausen, German
writer (b. 1621)August 14 Nicol Sagredo, 105th Doge of Venice (b. 1606)August 28 Margravine Louise Charlotte of Brandenburg, Duchess of Courland by marriage (16451676) (b. 1617)August 31 Lars Stigzelius, Swedish Lutheran archbishop (b. 1598)September 4 John Ogilby, Scottish-born impresario and cartographer active in Dublin and London
(b. 1600)September 9 Paul de Chomedey, Sieur de Maisonneuve, French military officer, founder of Montreal in New France (b. 1612)September 11 Anna de' Medici, Archduchess of Austria (b. 1616)September 17 Sabbatai Zevi, Montenegrin rabbi, kabbalist and founder of the
Jewish Sabbatean movement (b. 1626) September 28 Anna Maria Antig, Spanish Catholic nun (b. 1602) October 6 Claudia Rusca, Italian composer, singer, and organist (b. 1593) October 7 Richard Neville, English soldier and MP (b. 1615) October 10 Sebastian Knpfer, German composer (b. 1633) October 13 Juan de Arellano, Spanish artist (b.
1614)October 15 Simon de Vos, Flemish painter (b. 1603)October 26 Nathaniel Bacon, Virginian colonist and instigator of Bacon's Rebellion (b. circa 1640s)October 28 Jean Desmarets, French writer (b. 1595)November 1 Gisbertus Voetius, Dutch theologian (b. 1589)November 9 Allart Pieter van Jongestall, Dutch jurist, politician, and diplomat (b. 1603)October 28 Jean Desmarets, French writer (b. 1595)November 1 Gisbertus Voetius, Dutch theologian (b. 1589)November 2 Gisbertus Voetius Vo
 1629)December 25Matthew Hale, Lord Chief Justice of England (b. 1609)William Cavendish, 1st Duke of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, English soldier, politician, writer (b. 1592)^ Procedure 373 of the Guatemalan Real Audiencia in the General Archive of Indias.
Treasury of Events and Circumstances Connected with the Origin and Progress of Insurance, C. & E. Layton, p.43. Hubbard, William (1848), A General History of New England, from the original on October 21, 2019. "America's First
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Vespucci (from whose name the word America is derived) and Belgian Gerardus Mercator shows (besides the classical continents Europe, Africa, and Asia) the America sive India Nova', New Guinea, and other islands of Southeast Asia, as well as a hypothetical Arctic continent and a yet undetermined Terra Australis.[1]The 16th century
began with the Julian year 1501 (represented by the Roman numerals MDI) and ended with either the Julian or the Gregorian year 1600 (MDC), depending on the reckoning used (the Gregorian calendar introduced a lapse of 10 days in October 1582).[1]The Renaissance in Italy and Europe saw the emergence of important artists, authors and
scientists, and led to the foundation of important subjects which include accounting and political science. Copernicus proposed the heliocentric universe, which was met with strong resistance, and Tycho Brahe refuted the theory of celestial spheres through observational measurement of the 1572 appearance of a Milky Way supernova. These events
directly challenged the long-held notion of an immutable universe supported by Ptolemy and Aristotle, and led to major revolutions in the fields of physics and astronomy, becoming a major figure in the
Scientific Revolution in Europe. Spain and Portugal colonized large parts of Central and South America, followed by France and England in Northern America and the Lesser Antilles. The Portuguese became the masters of trade between Brazil, the coasts of Africa, and their possessions in the Indies, whereas the Spanish came to dominate the Greater Antilles.
Antilles, Mexico, Peru, and opened trade across the Pacific Ocean, linking the Americas with the Indies. English and French privateers began to practice persistent theft of Spanish and Portuguese treasures. This era of colonialism established mercantilism as the leading school of economic thought, where the economic system was viewed as a zero-
sum game in which any gain by one party required a loss by another. The mercantilist doctrine encouraged the many intra-European wars of the period and arguably fueled European expansion and imperialism throughout the world until the 19th century. The Reformation in central and northern Europe gave a major blow to the
authority of the papacy and the Catholic Church. In England, the British-Italian Alberico Gentili wrote the first book on public international law and divided secularism from canon law and Catholic theology. European politics became dominated by religious conflicts, with the groundwork for the epochal Thirty Years' War being laid towards the end of
Muslim world.[2]In the Indian subcontinent, following the defeat of the Delhi Sultanate and Vijayanagara Empire, new powers emerged, the Sur Empire founded by Sher Shah Suri, Deccan sultanates, Rajput states, and the Mughal Empire[3] by Emperor Babur, a direct descendant of Timur and Genghis Khan.[4] His successors Humayun and Akbar,
enlarged the empire to include most of South Asia. Japan suffered a severe civil war at this time, known as the Sengoku period, and emerged from it as a unified nation under Toyotomi Hideyoshi. China was ruled by the Ming dynasty, which was becoming increasingly isolationist, coming into conflict with Japan over the control of Korea as well as
 paintings 1501: Michelangelo returns to his native Florence to begin work on the statue David. 1501: Safavid dynasty reunifies Iran and rules over it until 1736. Safavids adopt a Shia branch of Islam. [5] 1501: First Battle of Cannanore between the Third Portuguese Armada and Kingdom of Cochin under Joo da Nova and Zamorin of Kozhikode's navy
marks the beginning of Portuguese conflicts in the Golden Horde, ending its existence.1503: First reported African slaves in the Battle of Cerignola. Considered to be the first battle in history won by gunpowder small arms.1503: Leonardo da
Vinci begins painting the Mona Lisa and completes it three years later.1503: Nostradamus is born on either December 21.1504: A period of drought, with famine in all of Spain.1504: Death of Isabella I of Castile; Joanna of Castile becomes the Queen.1504: Foundation of the Sultanate of Sennar by Amara Dunqas, in what is modern
Sudan1505: Zhengde Emperor ascends the throne of Ming dynasty.1505: Martin Luther enters St. Augustine's Monastery at Erfurt, Germany, on 17 July and begins his journey to instigating the Reformation.1505: Sultan Trenggono builds the first Muslim kingdom in Java, called Demak, in Indonesia. Many other small kingdoms were established in
other islands to fight against Portuguese. Each kingdom introduced local language as a way of communication and unity.1506: Leonardo da Vinci completes the Mona Lisa.1506: King Afonso I of Kongo wins the battle of Mbanza Kongo, resulting in Catholicism becoming Kongo's state religion. Battle of Cerignola: El Gran Capitan finds the corpse of
Louis d'Armagnac, Duke of Nemours1506: At least two thousand converted Jews are massacred in a Lisbon riot, Portugal.1506: Christopher Columbus dies in Valladolid, Spain.1506: Poland is invaded by Tatars from the Crimean Khanate.1507: The first recorded epidemic of smallpox in the New World on the island of Hispaniola. It devastates the
native Tano population.[6]1507: Afonso de Albuquerque conquered Hormuz and Muscat, among other bases in the Persian Gulf, taking control of the region at the entrance of the Gulf.1508: The Christian-Islamic power struggle in Europe and West Asia spills over into the Indian Ocean as Battle of Chaul during the Portuguese-Mamluk War15081512:
Michelangelo paints the Sistine Chapel ceiling. 1509: The defeat of joint fleet of the Sultan of Gujarat, the Mamlk Burji Sultanate of Egypt, and the Zamorin of Calicut with support of the Spice trade and the Indian Ocean. 1509: The
Portuguese king sends Diogo Lopes de Sequeira to find Malacca, the eastern terminus of Asian trade. After initially receiving Sequeira, Sultan Mahmud Shah captures and/or kills several of his men and attempts an assault on the four Portuguese ships, which escape.[7] The Javanese fleet is also destroyed in Malacca. 1509: Krishnadevaraya ascended to the four Portuguese ships, which escape.[7] The Javanese fleet is also destroyed in Malacca. 1509: Krishnadevaraya ascended to the four Portuguese ships, which escape. [7] The Javanese fleet is also destroyed in Malacca. 1509: Krishnadevaraya ascended to the four Portuguese ships, which escape. [7] The Javanese fleet is also destroyed in Malacca. 1509: Krishnadevaraya ascended to the four Portuguese ships, which escape. [8] The Javanese fleet is also destroyed in Malacca. 1509: Krishnadevaraya ascended to the four Portuguese ships, which escape fleet is also destroyed in Malacca. 1509: Krishnadevaraya ascended to the four Portuguese ships, which escape fleet is also destroyed in Malacca. 1509: Krishnadevaraya ascended to the four Portuguese ships, which escape fleet is also destroyed in Malacca. 1509: Krishnadevaraya ascended to the four Portuguese ships, which escape fleet is also destroyed in Malacca. 1509: Krishnadevaraya ascended to the four Portuguese ships are the four Portuguese ships as a final fleet four Portuguese ships are the fleet fleet fleet fleet ships are the four Portuguese ships are the fleet flee
the throne of Vijayanagara Empire. Afonso de Albuquerque of Portugal conquers Goa in India. 1511: Afonso de Albuquerque of Portugal conquers Malacca, the capital of the Sultanate of Malacca in present-day Malaysia. 1512: Copernicus writes
Commentariolus, and proclaims the Sun the center of the Solar System.1512: The southern part (historical core) of the Kingdom of Navarre is invaded by Quli Qutb Mulk, rules Golconda Sultanate until 1687.1512: The first Portuguese exploratory expedition was sent eastward from Malacca (in
present-day Malaysia) to search for the 'Spice Islands' (Maluku) led by Francisco Serro. Serro is shipwrecked but struggles on to Hitu (northern Ambon) and wins the favour of the local rulers. [9]1513: Machiavelli writes The Prince, a treatise about political philosophy1513: The Portuguese mariner Jorge lyares lands at Macau, China, during the Ming
dynasty.1513: Henry VIII defeats the French at the Battle of Flodden Field in which invading Scots are defeated by Henry VIII's forces.1513: Vasco Nez de Balboa, in service of Spain arrives at the Pacific Ocean (which
he called Mar del Sur) across the Isthmus of Panama. He was the first European to do so.1514: The Battle of Chaldiran, the Ottoman Empire gains
decisive victory against Safavid dynasty.1515: The Ottoman Empire wrests Eastern Anatolia, the Dulkadirs and the Ramadanids.15161517: The Ottomans conquer the last beyliks of Anatolia, the Dulkadirs and the Ramadanids.15161517: The Ottomans
defeat the Mamluks and gain control of Egypt, Arabia, and the Levant.1517: The Sweating sickness epidemic in Tudor England.[10]1517: The Reformation begins when Martin Luther posts his Ninety-five Theses in Saxony.1518: The Treaty of London was a non-aggression pact between the major European nations. The signatories were Burgundy.
Berber diplomat who is best known for his book Descrittione dellAfrica (Description of Africa), is captured by Spanish pirates; he is taken to Rome and presented to Pope Leo X.1518: The dancing plague of 1518 begins in Strasbourg, lasting for about one month.1519: Leonardo da Vinci dies of natural causes on May 2. Europe at the time of the
accession of Charles V in 15191519: Wang Yangming, the Chinese philosopher and governor of Jiangxi province, describes his intent to use the firepower of the fo-lang-ji, a breech-loading Portuguese culverin, in order to suppress the rebellion of Prince Zhu Chenhao.1519: Barbary pirates led by Hayreddin Barbarossa, a Turk appointed to ruling
position in Algiers by the Ottoman Empire, raid Provence and Toulon in southern France.1519: Death of Emperor Maximilian; Charles I of Austria, Spain, and the Low Countries becomes Emperor of Holy Roman Empire as Charles I, Holy Roman Empire as Charles I, Holy Roman Empire as Charles I, Holy Roman Empire, raid Provence and Toulon in southern France.1519: Death of Emperor (ruled until 1556).15191522: Spanish expedition commanded by Magellan and Elcano are the
first to Circumnavigate the Earth.15191521: Hernn Corts leads the Spanish conquest of the Aztec Empire. Ferdinand Magellan led the first expedition that circumnavigated the globe in 15191522.15201566: The reign of Suleiman the Magnificent marks the zenith of the Ottoman Empire. 1520: The first European diplomatic mission to Ethiopia, sent by
the Portuguese, arrives at Massawa 9 April, and reaches the imperial encampment of Emperor Dawit II in Shewa 9 October.1520: Vijayanagara Empire forces under Krishnadevaraya defeat the Adil Shahi under at the Battle of Raichur1520: Vijayanagara Empire forces under Krishnadevaraya defeat the Adil Shahi under at the Battle of Raichur1520: Vijayanagara Empire forces under Krishnadevaraya defeat the Adil Shahi under at the Battle of Raichur1520: Vijayanagara Empire forces under Krishnadevaraya defeat the Adil Shahi under at the Battle of Raichur1520: Vijayanagara Empire forces under Krishnadevaraya defeat the Adil Shahi under at the Battle of Raichur1520: Vijayanagara Empire forces under Krishnadevaraya defeat the Adil Shahi under at the Battle of Raichur1520: Vijayanagara Empire forces under Krishnadevaraya defeat the Adil Shahi under at the Battle of Raichur1520: Vijayanagara Empire forces under Krishnadevaraya defeat the Adil Shahi under at the Battle of Raichur1520: Vijayanagara Empire forces under Krishnadevaraya defeat the Adil Shahi under at the Battle of Raichur1520: Vijayanagara Empire forces under Krishnadevaraya defeat the Adil Shahi under at the Battle of Raichur1520: Vijayanagara Empire forces under Krishnadevaraya defeat the Adil Shahi under at the Battle of Raichur1520: Vijayanagara Empire forces under the Adil Shahi under at the Adil Shahi under the Adil Shahi 
coast (in present-day Indonesia), and the pepper and gold producing lands on the east coast.1520: The Portuguese established a trading post in the village of Lamakera on the eastern side of Solor (in present-day Indonesia) as a transit harbour between Maluku and Malacca.1521: Belgrade (in present-day Serbia) is captured by the Ottoman
Empire.1521: After building fortifications at Tuen Mun, the Portuguese attempt to invade Ming dynasty China, but are expelled by Chinese naval forces.1521: Philippines in the same year.1521: Jiajing Emperor ascended the throne of Ming dynasty
China.1521: November, Ferdinand Magellan's expedition reaches Maluku (in present-day Indonesia) and after trade with Ternate returns to Europe with a load of cloves.1521: Pati Unus was killed in this battle, and was succeeded by his brother,
sultan Trenggana.1522: Rhodes falls to the Ottomans of Suleiman the Magnificent.[11]Sack of Rome of 1527 by Charles V's forces (painting by Johannes Lingelbach)1522: The Portuguese ally themselves with the rulers of Ternate (in present-day Indonesia) and begin construction of a fort.[9]1522: August, Luso-Sundanese Treaty signed between
Portugal and Sunda Kingdom granted Portuguese permit to build fortress in Sunda Kelapa.1523: Sweden gains independence from the Kalmar Union.1523: German Peasants' War in the Holy Roman Empire.1524: Giovanni da Verrazzano is the first European to explore the Atlantic
coast of North America between South Carolina and Newfoundland.1524: Ismail I, the founder of Safavid dynasty, dies and Tahmasp I becomes king. Gun-wielding Ottoman Janissaries and defending Knights of Saint John at the siege of Rhodes in 1522, from an Ottoman manuscript1525: Timurid Empire forces under Babur defeat the Lodi dynasty at
the First Battle of Panipat, end of the Delhi Sultanate.1525: German and Spanish forces defeat France at the Battle of Mohcs.1526: Mughal Empire, founded by Babur.1527: Sack of Rome with Pope Clement VII escaping and the Swiss Guards
defending the Vatican being killed. The sack of the city of Rome considered the end of the Italian Renaissance.1527: Protestant Reformation begins in Sweden.1527: The last ruler of Majapahit falls from power. This state (located in present-day Indonesia) was finally extinguished at the hands of the Demak. A large number of courtiers, artisans,
priests, and members of the royalty moved east to the island of Bali; however, the power and the seat of government transferred to Demak under the leadership of Pangeran, later Sultan Fatah.1527: June 22, The Javanese Prince Fatahillah of the Cirebon Sultanate successfully defeated the Portuguese armed forces at the site of the Sunda Kelapa
Harbor. The city was then renamed Jayakarta, meaning "a glorious victory." This eventful day came to be acknowledged as Jakarta's Founding Anniversary.1527: Mughal Empire at the Siege of Vienna.1529: Treaty of Zaragoza
defined the antimeridian of Tordesillas attributing the Moluccas to Portugal and Philippines to Spain. 1529: Imam Ahmad Gurey defeats the Ethiopian Emperor Dawit II in the Battle of Shimbra Kure, the opening clash of the Ethiopian Emperor Dawit II in the Battle of Shimbra Kure, the opening clash of the Ethiopian Emperor Dawit II in the Battle of Shimbra Kure, the opening clash of the Ethiopian Emperor Dawit II in the Battle of Shimbra Kure, the opening clash of the Ethiopian Emperor Dawit II in the Battle of Shimbra Kure, the opening clash of the Ethiopian Emperor Dawit II in the Battle of Shimbra Kure, the opening clash of the Ethiopian Emperor Dawit II in the Battle of Shimbra Kure, the opening clash of the Ethiopian Emperor Dawit II in the Battle of Shimbra Kure, the opening clash of the Ethiopian Emperor Dawit II in the Battle of Shimbra Kure, the opening clash of the Ethiopian Emperor Dawit II in the Battle of Shimbra Kure, the opening clash of the Ethiopian Emperor Dawit II in the Battle of Shimbra Kure, the opening clash of the Ethiopian Emperor Dawit II in the Battle of Shimbra Kure, the opening clash of the Ethiopian Emperor Dawit II in the Battle of Shimbra Kure, the opening clash of the Ethiopian Emperor Dawit II in the Battle of Shimbra Kure, the opening clash of the Ethiopian Emperor Dawit II in the Battle of Shimbra Kure, the opening clash of the Ethiopian Emperor Dawit II in the Battle of Shimbra Kure, the opening clash of the Ethiopian Emperor Dawit II in the Battle of Shimbra Kure, the opening clash of the Ethiopian Emperor Dawit II in the Battle of Shimbra Kure, the opening clash of the Ethiopian Emperor Dawit II in the Battle of Shimbra Kure, the opening clash of the Ethiopian Emperor Dawit II in the Battle of Shimbra Kure, the opening clash of the Ethiopian Emperor Dawit II in the Battle of Shimbra Kure, the opening clash of the Ethiopian Emperor Dawit II in the Battle of Shimbra Kure, the opening clash of the Ethiopian Emperor Dawit II in the Battle of Shimbra Kure, the opening clash of the
Mexico, a 16th-century codex15311532: The Church of England breaks away from the Catholic Church and recognizes King Henry VIII as the head of the Spanish conquest of the Inca Empire.1532: Foundation of So Vicente
the first permanent Portuguese settlement in the Americas.1533: Anne Boleyn becomes Queen of England.1533: Elizabeth Tudor is born.1534: Affair of the Placards, where King Francis I becomes more active in repression of French
Protestants.1535: The Mnster Rebellion, an attempt of radical, millennialist, Anabaptists to establish a theocracy, ends in bloodshed.1535: The Portuguese Goa where he converts to Christianity and bequeaths his Portuguese godfather Jordao de Freitas the island of Ambon
[12] Hairun becomes the next sultan.1536: Catherine of Aragon dies in Kimbolton Castle, in England. Territorial expansion of the Ottoman Empire under Suleiman (in red and orange)1536: In England. Territorial expansion of the Ottoman Empire under Suleiman (in red and orange)1536: In England. Territorial expansion of the Ottoman Empire under Suleiman (in red and orange)1536: In England. Territorial expansion of the Ottoman Empire under Suleiman (in red and orange)1536: In England. Territorial expansion of the Ottoman Empire under Suleiman (in red and orange)1536: In England. Territorial expansion of the Ottoman Empire under Suleiman (in red and orange)1536: In England. Territorial expansion of the Ottoman Empire under Suleiman (in red and orange)1536: In England. Territorial expansion of the Ottoman Empire under Suleiman (in red and orange)1536: In England. Territorial expansion of the Ottoman Empire under Suleiman (in red and orange)1536: In England. Territorial expansion of the Ottoman Empire under Suleiman (in red and orange)1536: In England. Territorial expansion of the Ottoman Empire under Suleiman (in red and orange)1536: In England. Territorial expansion of the Ottoman Empire under Suleiman (in red and orange)1536: In England. Territorial expansion of the Ottoman Empire under Suleiman (in red and orange)1536: In England.
Argentina) by Pedro de Mendoza.1537: The Portuguese establish Recife in Pernambuco, north-east of Brazil.1537: William Tyndale's partial translation of the Bible into English is published, which would eventually be incorporated by the
Sur, who supplanted the Mughal dynasty as rulers of North India during the reign of the relatively ineffectual second Mughal emperor Humayun. Sher Shah Suri decisively defeats Humayun in the Battle of Bilgram (May 17, 1540).1541: Pedro de Valdivia founds Santiago in Chile.1541: An Algerian military campaign by Charles V of Spain (Habsburg)
is unsuccessful.1541: Amazon River is encountered and explored by Francisco de Orellana.1541: Capture of Buda and the absorption of the major part of Hungary by the Ottoman Empire.1541: Sahib I Giray of Crimea invades Russia.1542: The Italian War of 15421546 War resumes between Francis I of France and Emperor Charles V. This time Henry
VIII is allied with the Emperor, while James V of Scotland and Sultan Suleiman I are allied with the French.1542: Akbar The Great is born in the Rajput Umarkot Fort1542: Spanish explorer Ruy Lpez de Villalobos named the island of Samar and Leyte Las Islas Filipinas honoring Philip II of Spain and became the official name of the archipelago.1543:
Ethiopian/Portuguese troops defeat the Adal army led by Imam Ahmad Gurey at the Battle of Wayna Daga; Imam Ahmad Gurey is killed at this battle.1543: The Nanban trade period begins after Portuguese traders make contact with Japan.1544: The
French defeat an ImperialSpanish army at the Battle of Ceresole. Scenes of everyday life in Ming China, by Qiu Ying1544: Battle of the Shirts in Scotland. The Frasers and Macdonalds survive. 1545: Songhai forces sack the Malian capital of Niani1545: The Council
of Trent meets for the first time in Trent (in northern Italy).1546: Michelangelo Buonarroti is made chief architect of St. Peter's Basilica.1546: Francis Xavier works among the peoples of Ambon, Ternate and Morotai (Moro) laying the foundations for a permanent mission. (to 1547)1547: Henry VIII dies in the Palace of Whitehall on 28 January at the
age of 55.1547: Francis I dies in the Chteau de Rambouillet on 31 March at the age of 52.1547: Edward VI becomes King of England and Ireland on 28 January at the Battle of Mhlberg.1547: Grand Prince Ivan the Terrible is
crowned tsar of (All) Russia, thenceforth becoming the first Russian tsar.1548: Battle of Uedahara: Firearms are used for the first time on the battlefield in Japan, and Takeda Shingen is defeated by Murakami Yoshikiyo.1548: The Ming
dynasty government of China issues a decree banning all foreign trade and closes down all seaports along the coast; these Hai jin laws came during the Wokou wars with Japanese pirates. 1549: Tom de Sousa establishes Salvador in Bahia, north-east of Brazil. 1549: Arya Penangsang with the support of his teacher, Sunan Kudus, avenges the death of the support of his teacher.
Raden Kikin by sending an envoy named Rangkud to kill Sunan Prawoto by Keris Kyai Satan Kober (in present-day Indonesia). The Islamic gunpowder empires: Mughal Army artillerymen during the reign of Jalaluddin Akbar1550: The architect Mimar Sinan builds the Sleymaniye Mosque in Istanbul. 1550: Mongols led by Altan Khan invade China and China and
besiege Beijing.15501551: Valladolid debate concerning the human rights of the Indigenous people of the Americas.1551: Fifth outbreak of sweating sickness in England. John Caius of Shrewsbury writes the first full contemporary account of the Maltese island
Gozo, between 5,000 and 6,000, sending them to Libya.1552: Russia conquers the Khanate of Kazan in central Asia.1552: Jesuit China Mission, Francis Xavier dies.1553: Mary Tudor becomes the first queen regnant of England and restores the Church of England under Papal authority.1553: The Portuguese found a settlement at Macau.1554
Missionaries Jos de Anchieta and Manuel da Nbrega establishes So Paulo, southeast Brazil.1554: Princess Elizabeth is imprisoned in the Wyatt rebellion.1555: The Muscovy Company is the first major English joint stock trading company.1556: Publication in Venice of
Delle Navigiationi et Viaggi (terzo volume) by Giovanni Battista Ramusio, secretary of Council of Ten, with plan La Terra de Hochelaga, an illustration of the Hochelaga. [13] 1556: The Shaanxi earthquake in China is history's deadliest known earthquake during the Ming dynasty. 1556: Georgius Agricola, the "Father of Mineralogy", publishes his De re
metallica.1556: Akbar defeats Hemu at the Second battle of Panipat.1556: Russia conquers the Astrakhan Khanate.15561605: During his reign, Akbar expands the Mughal Empire in a series of conquests (in the Indian subcontinent). Political map of the world in 15561556: Mir Chakar Khan Rind captures Delhi with Humayun.1556: Pomponio Algerio
radical theologian, is executed by boiling in oil as part of the Roman Inquisition.1557: Habsburg Spain declares bankruptcy. Philip II of Spain had to declare four state bankruptcies in 1557, 1560, 1575 and 1596.1557: The Portuguese settle in Macau (on the western side of the Pearl River Delta across from present-day Hong Kong).1557: The
Ottomans capture Massawa, all but isolating Ethiopia from the rest of the world.1558: Elizabeth Tudor becomes Queen Elizabeth Tudor becomes Queen Elizabeth I at age 25.15581603: The Elizabeth Tudor becomes Queen Elizabeth Tudor becomes Queen Elizabeth I at age 25.15581603: The Elizabeth Tudor becomes Queen Elizabeth Tudor becomes Queen Elizabeth I at age 25.15581603: The Elizabeth I at a
during the Siege of Chittorgarh in 15671560: Ottoman navy defeats the Spanish fleet at the Battle of Okehazama, Oda Nobunaga becomes one of the pre-eminent warlords of Japan. 1560: Jeanne d'Albret declares Calvinism the official religion of
Navarre.1560: Lazarus Church, Macau1561: Sir Francis Bacon is born in London.1561: The fourth battle of Kawanakajima between the Uesugi and Takeda at Hachimanbara takes place.1561: Guido de Bres draws up the Belgic Confession of Protestant faith.1562: Mughal emperor Akbar reconciles the Muslim and Hindu factions by marrying into the
powerful Rajput Hindu caste.15621598: French Wars of Religion between Catholics and Huguenots.1562: Massacre of Wassy and Battle of Dreux in the French Wars of Religion.1562: Portuguese Dominican priests build a palm-trunk fortress which Javanese Muslims burned down the following year. The fort was rebuilt from more durable materials
and the Dominicans commenced the Christianisation of the local population.[12]1563: Plague outbreak claimed 80,000 people in Elizabethan England. In London alone, over 20,000 people died of the disease.1564: Galileo Galilei born on February 151564: William Shakespeare baptized 26 April1565: Deccan sultanates defeat the Vijayanagara Empire
at the Battle of Talikota. 1565: Mir Chakar Khan Rind dies at aged 97.1565: Estcio de S establishes Rio de Janeiro in Brazil. 1565: The Hospitallers, a Crusading Order, defeat the Ottoman Empire at the siege of Malta (1565). 1565: Miguel Lpez de Legazpi establishes in Cebu the first Spanish settlement in the Philippines starting a period of Spanish
colonization that would last over three hundred years.1565: Spanish navigator Andres de Urdaneta discovers the maritime route from Asia to the Americas across the Pacific Ocean, also known as the tornaviaje.1565: Royal Exchange is founded by Thomas Gresham.1566: Suleiman the Magnificent, ruler of the Ottoman Empire, dies on September 7,
during the battle of Szigetvar. Siege of Valenciennes during the Dutch War of Independence in 156715661648: Eighty Years' War between Spain and the Netherlands. 1566: Da le Balle Contrade d'Oriente, composed by Cipriano de Rore. 1567: After 45 years' reign, Jiajing Emperor died in the Forbidden City, Longqing Emperor ascended the throne of
 Ming dynasty.1567: Mary, Queen of Scots, is imprisoned by Elizabeth I.1568: The Transylvanian Diet, under the patronage of the prince John Sigismund Zpolya, the founder of the Unitarian Church of Transylvania, promulgates the Edict of Torda, the first law of freedom of religion
and of conscience in the World.15681571: Morisco Revolt in Spain.15681600: The Azuchi-Momoyama period in Japan.1568: Hadiwijaya sent his adopted son and son in-law Sutawijaya, who would later become the first ruler of the Mataram dynasty of Indonesia, to kill Arya Penangsang.1569: Rising of the North in England.1569: Mercator 1569 world
map published by Gerardus Mercator.1569: The PolishLithuanian Commonwealth is created with the Union of Lublin which lasts until 1795.1569: Peace treaty signed by Sultan Hairun of Ternate and Governor Lopez De Mesquita of Portugal. The Battle of Lepanto 1570: Ivan the Terrible, tsar of Russia, orders the massacre of inhabitants of
Novgorod.1570: Pope Pius V issues Regnans in Excelsis, a papal bull excommunicating all who obeyed Elizabeth I and calling on all Catholics to rebel against her.1570: 20,000 inhabitants of Nicosia in Cyprus were massacred
and every church, public building, and palace was looted. Cyprus fell to the Ottoman Turks, responding to the fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as a united front against the Ottoman Turks, responding to the fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as a united front against the Ottoman Turks, responding to the fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as a united front against the Ottoman Turks, responding to the fall of Cyprus to the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as a united front against the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as a united front against the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as a united front against the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as a united front against the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as a united front against the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as a united front against the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as a united front against the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as a united front against the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as a united front against the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as a united front against the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as a united front against the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as a united front against the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as a united front against the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as a united front against the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as a united front against the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as a united front against the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as a united front against the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as a united front against the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as a united front against the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as a united front against the Ottoman S.1571: The Spanish-led Holy League as 
Lepanto.1571: Crimean Tatars attack and sack Moscow, burning everything but the Kremlin.1571: American Indians kill Spanish missionaries in what would later be Jamestown, Virginia.1571: Spanish missionaries in what would later be Jamestown, Virginia.1571: Spanish missionaries in what would later be Jamestown, Virginia.1571: American Indians kill Spanish missionaries in what would later be Jamestown, Virginia.1571: American Indians kill Spanish missionaries in what would later be Jamestown, Virginia.1571: American Indians kill Spanish missionaries in what would later be Jamestown, Virginia.1571: American Indians kill Spanish missionaries in what would later be Jamestown, Virginia.1571: American Indians kill Spanish missionaries in what would later be Jamestown, Virginia.1571: American Indians kill Spanish missionaries in what would later be Jamestown, Virginia.1571: American Indians kill Spanish missionaries in what would later be Jamestown, Virginia.1571: American Indians kill Spanish missionaries in what would later be Jamestown, Virginia.1571: American Indians kill Spanish missionaries in what would later be Jamestown, Virginia.1571: American Indians kill Spanish missionaries in what would later be Jamestown, Virginia.1571: American Indians kill Spanish missionaries in what would later be Jamestown with the Virginia and Market Ma
Spain by Protestant Watergeuzen in the Capture of Brielle, in the Eighty Years' War. 1572: Spanish conquistadores apprehend the last Inca leader Tupak Amaru at Vilcabamba, Peru, and execute him in Cuzco. 1572: Jeanne d'Albret dies aged 43 and is succeeded by Henry of Navarre. 1572: Catherine de' Medici instigates the St. Bartholomew's Day
massacre which takes the lives of Protestant leader Gaspard de Coligny and thousands of Huguenots. The violence spreads from Paris to other cities and the countryside. 1572: First edition of the epic The Lusiads of Lus Vaz de Cames, three years after the author returned from the East. [14]1572: The 9 years old Taizi, Zhu Yijun ascended the throne of
Ming dynasty, known as Wanli Emperor.1573: After heavy losses on both sides the siege of Haarlem ends in a Spanish victory. St. Bartholomew's Day massacre of French Protestants. 1574: After a siege of 4 months the siege of Leiden ends in a
comprehensive Dutch rebel victory.1575: Oda Nobunaga finally captures Nagashima fortress.1576: The Battle of Haldighati is fought between the ruler of Mewar, Maharana Pratap and the Mughal Empire's forces
under Emperor Akbar led by Raja Man Singh.1576: Sack of Antwerp by badly paid Spanish soldiers.15771580: Francis Drake circles the world.1577: Ki Ageng Pemanahan built his palace in Pasargede or Kotagede.1578: King Sebastian of Portugal is killed at the Battle of Alcazarquivir.1578: The Portuguese establish a fort on Tidore but the main
centre for Portuguese activities in Maluku becomes Ambon. [12]1578: Sonam Gyatso is conferred the title of Dalai Lama by Tumed Mongol ruler, Altan Khan. Recognised as the reincarnation of two previous Lamas, Sonam Gyatso becomes the third Dalai Lama in the lineage. [15]1578: Governor-General Francisco de Sande officially declared war
against Brunei in 1578, starting the Castilian War of 1578.1579: The Union of Utrecht unifies the northern Netherlands, a foundation for the later states of the Spanish Netherlands, the Austrian Netherlands and Belgium. The Irish Gaelic chieftain's
feast, from The Image of Ireland1579: The British navigator Sir Francis Drake passes through Maluku and transit in Ternate on his circumnavigation of the world. The Portuguese establish a fort on Tidore but the main centre for Portuguese establish a fort on Tidore but the main centre for Portuguese activities in Maluku becomes Ambon.[16]The fall of Spanish Armada1580: Drake's royal reception after his
attacks on Spanish possessions influences Philip II of Spain to build up the Spanish Armada. English ships in Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours are impounded. 1580: Spain unifies with Portuguese Empire. The Spanish harbours
Nagasaki comes under control of the Jesuits.1581: Dutch Act of Abjuration, declaring abjuring allegiance to Philip II of Spain.1581: Bayinnaung dies at the age of 65.1582: Oda Nobunaga commits seppuku during the Honn-ji Incident coup by his general, Akechi Mitsuhide.1582: Pope Gregory XIII issues the Gregorian calendar. The last day of the
Julian calendar was Thursday, 4 October 1582 and this was followed by the first day of the Gregorian calendar, Friday, 15 October 15821582: Yermak Timofeyevich conquers the Siberia Khanate on behalf of the Stroganovs. 1583: Denmark builds the world's first theme park, Bakken. 1583: Death of Sultan Babullah of Ternate. 15841585: After the siege
of Antwerp, many of its merchants flee to Amsterdam. According to Luc-Normand Tellier, "At its peak, between 1510 and 1557, Antwerp concentrated about 40% of the world trade...It is estimated that the port of Antwerp was earning the Spanish crown seven times more revenues than the Americas."[17]1584: Ki Ageng Pemanahan died. Sultan
Pajang raised Sutawijaya, son of Ki Ageng Pemanahan as the new ruler in Mataram, titled "Loring Ngabehi Market" (because of his home in the north of the market).1585: Akbar annexes Kashmir and adds it to the Kabul SubahPortuguese fusta in India from a book by Jan Huygen van Linschoten 1585: Colony at Roanoke founded in North
America.15851604: The Anglo-Spanish War is fought on both sides of the Atlantic.1587: The reign of Abbas I marks the zenith of the Safavid dynasty.1587: Troops that would invade Pajang Mataram Sultanate storm ravaged the eruption of Mount Merapi. Sutawijaya and his men survived.1588:
Mataram into the kingdom with Sutawijaya as Sultan, titled "Senapati Ingalaga Sayidin Panatagama" means the warlord and cleric Manager Religious Life.1588: England repulses the English Armada.1589: Spain repulses the English Armada.1589: Spain repulses the English Armada.1589: Catherine de' Medici dies at aged 69. Abu'l-Fazl ibn Mubarak presenting Akbarnama to Mughal Azam
Akbar, Mughal miniature 1590: Siege of Odawara: the Go-Hojo clan surrender to Toyotomi Hideyoshi, and Japan is unified. 1591: Gazi Giray leads a huge Tatar expedition against Moscow. 1591: In Mali, Moroccan forces of the Sultan Ahmad al-Mansur led by Judar Pasha defeat the Songhai Empire at the Battle of Tondibi. 15921593: John Stow reports
10,675 plague deaths in London, a city of approximately 200,000 people.15921598: Korea, with the help of Ming dynasty China, repels two Japanese invasions.15931606: The Long War between the Habsburg monarchy and the Ottoman Turks.1594: St. Paul's College, Macau, founded by Alessandro Valignano.1595: First Dutch expedition to Indonesia
sets sail for the East Indies with two hundred and forty-nine men and sixty-four cannons led by Cornelis de Houtman.[18]1596: Birth of Ren Descartes.1596: June, de Houtman's expedition reaches Banten the main pepper port of West Java where they clash with both the Portuguese and Indonesians. It then sails east along the north coast of Java
losing twelve crew to a Javanese attack at Sidayu and killing a local ruler in Madura.[18]1597: Romeo and Juliet is published.1597: Cornelis de Houtman's expedition returns to the Netherlands with enough spices to make a considerable profit.[18]1598: The Edict of Nantes ends the French Wars of Religion.1598: Abbas I moves Safavids capital from
Qazvin to Isfahan in 1598.15981613: Russia descends into anarchy during the Time of Troubles.1598: The Portuguese require an armada of 90 ships to put down a Solorese uprising.[12] (to 1599)1598: More Dutch fleets leave for Indonesia and most are profitable.[18]Edo period screen depicting the Battle of Sekigahara1598: The province of Santa Fe
de Nuevo Mxico is established in Northern New Spain. The region would later become a territory of Mexico, the New Mexico Territory in the United States, and the US State of New Mexico Territory in the United States, and the US State of New Mexico Territory in the United States, and the US State of New Mexico Territory in the United States, and the US State of New Mexico Territory in the United States, and the US State of New Mexico Territory in the United States, and the US State of New Mexico Territory in the United States, and the US State of New Mexico Territory in the United States, and the US State of New Mexico Territory in the United States, and the US State of New Mexico Territory in the United States, and the US State of New Mexico Territory in the United States, and the US State of New Mexico Territory in the United States, and the US State of New Mexico Territory in the United States, and the US State of New Mexico Territory in the United States, and the US State of New Mexico Territory in the United States, and the US State of New Mexico Territory in the United States, and the US State of New Mexico Territory in the United States, and the US State of New Mexico Territory in the United States, and the US States of New Mexico Territory in the United States, and the US States of New Mexico Territory in the United States, and the US States of New Mexico Territory in the United States, and the US States of New Mexico Territory in the United States, and the US States of New Mexico Territory in the United States of New M
to Europe. The expedition makes a 400 per cent profit.[18] (to 1600)1599: March, Leaving Europe the previous year, a fleet of eight ships under Jacob van Neck was the first Dutch fleet to reach the Spice Islands of Maluku.[18]1600: Giordano Bruno is burned at the stake for heresy in Rome. Siege of Fiakovo castle during the Long Turkish War1600:
Battle of Sekigahara in Japan. End of the Warring States period and beginning of the Edo period. 1600: The Portuguese win a major naval battle in the bay of Ambon. [19] Later in the year, the Dutch would have the sole right to purchase spices from Hitu.
[19]1600: Elizabeth I grants a charter to the British East India Company beginning the English advance in Asia.1600: Michael the Brave unifies the three principalities: Wallachia, Moldavia and Transylvania after the Battle of elimbr from 1599. For later events, see Timeline of the 17th century. Polybius' The Histories translated into Italian, English,
German and French.[20]Mississippian culture disappears. Medallion rug, variant Star Ushak style, Anatolia (modern Turkey), is made. It is now kept at the Saint Louis Art Museum. Hernan Cortes (14851547) Henry VIII, (14911547) King of England and IrelandDon Fernando lvarez de Toledo (15071582) Suleiman the Magnificent, Sultan of the Ottomar
Empire (15201566)Ivan IV the Terrible (15301584)Oda Nobunaga (15341582)Sir Francis Drake (c. 1540 1596)Alberico Gentili, (15561605)Related article: List of 16th century inventions. The Columbian Exchange introduces many
plants, animals and diseases to the Old and New Worlds. Introduction of the spinning wheel revolutionizes textile production in Europe. The letter J is introduced into the English alphabet. 1500: First portable watch is created by Peter Henlein of Germany. The Iberian Union in 1598, under Philip II, King of Spain and Portugal 1513: Juan Ponce de Len
sights Florida and Vasco Nez de Balboa sights the eastern edge of the Pacific Ocean.15191522: Ferdinand Magellan and Juan Sebastin Elcano lead the first circumnavigation of the world.15191540: In America, Hernando de Soto expeditions map the Gulf of Mexico coastline and bays.1525: Modern square root symbol ()1540: Francisco Vsquez de
Coronado sights the Grand Canyon.154142: Francisco de Orellana sails the length of the Amazon River.154243: Firearms are introduced into Japan by the Portuguese.1543: Copernicus publishes his theory that the Earth and the other planets revolve around the Sun1545: Theory of complex numbers is first developed by Gerolamo Cardano of
Italy.1558: Camera obscura is first used in Europe by Giambattista della Porta of Italy.15591562: Spanish settlers outside New Spain (Mexico) colonize Florida's coastline at St. Augustine.1565: Invention of the graphite pencil (in a
wooden holder) by Conrad Gesner. Modernized in 1812.1568: Gerardus Mercator creates the first Mercator projection map.1572: Supernova SN 1572 is observed by Tycho Brahe in the Milky Way.1582: Gregorian calendar is introduced in Europe by Pope Gregory XIII and adopted by Catholic countries.c. 1583: Galileo Galilei of Pisa, Italy identifies
the constant swing of a pendulum, leading to development of reliable timekeepers. 1585: earliest known reference to the 'sailing carriage' in China. 1589: William Lee invents the stocking frame. 1591: First flush toilet is introduced by Sir John Harrington of England, the design published under the title 'The Metamorphosis of Ajax'. 1593: Galileo Galileo
invents a thermometer.1596: William Barents discovers Spitsbergen.1597: Opera in Florence by Jacopo Peri. Entertainment in the 16th century a b Modern reference works on the period tend to follow the introduction of the Gregorian calendar is used for all
dates from 1582 Oct 15 onwards. Before that date, the Julian calendar is used." For dates after 15 October 1582, care must be taken to avoid confusion of the two styles. de Vries, Jan (14 September 2009). "The limits of globalization in the early modern world". The Economic History Review, 63 (3): 710733. CiteSeerX10.1.1.186.2862.
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century events, science, culture and personsRetrieved from 4The following pages link to 16th century External tools(link countstransclusion countsorted list) See help page for transcluding these entriesShowing 50 items. View (previous 50 | next 50) (20 | 50 | 100 | 250 | 500) Bagpipes (links | edit)List of decades, centuries, and millennia (links | edit)List of decades, and millennia (links | e
edit)Fashion (links | edit)Giovanni Boccaccio (links | edit)History of Mali (links | edit)15th century (links | edit)15th century (links | edit)1626 (links | edit)1626 (links | edit)1626 (links | edit)1642
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struggle.Day to day you won't need it and good tyre choice helps with grip.Obviously there is a weight penalty and in the case of our Cali, if you h	have the 4motion you don't get the 3rd rails for additiona	al seats. Thanks, I am going to convert to a camper, so makes s	sense with the 4 If you tow then its an obvious advantage, not getting stuck on camp
sites or on jetty slips as you pull the jetski out the water. I got 4motion because we get a fair amount of snow and ice up here in winter, and it also 4motion, so if you want DSG you have to bump up to the 204ps Thanks to be honest really want the 4, looking for further justification before I tell	o gets used fields. Be aware of two things: A 150ps highl	line manual 4motion will not get under the 2040kg to class as n	multipurpose and therefore the higher speed limitsYou cannot get DSG in a 150ps
having 4motion, just for the safety factor, as she put it would you rather save 2k or risk ending up in a hedge or worse on a wet winter road? Min	e said exactly the same My Mrs told me were were having	ng 4motion, just for the safety factor, as she put it would you re	ather save 2k or risk ending up in a hedge or worse on a wet winter road? Not sure it is
any safer having 4 wheel drive, you can still end up in a skid & off the road with it. Where you gain is better grip on the snow or wet roads thoughout in the Cali it will be in my wife's Jimny Not sure it is any safer having 4 wheel drive, you can still end up in a skid & off the road with it. Where			
spending the extra on it, in the winter I just won't go out in the Cali it will be in my wife's Jimny Yep its doesn't save you from driving stupidly in a rather than a T32 are probably my only regrets and things I would change if ordering today.Our van is a camper and I have been a bit nervous go			
was ordering but the convertor talked me out of it on the basis that it would significantly reduce the capacity of my underslung water tank, etc I	Wish I'd gone with my gut!! I got it mostly because I hat	e FWD.It also turns your van into a stealth SUV without the Wo	orld hating you. I got 4motion because we get a fair amount of snow and ice up here in
winter, and it also gets used fields. Be aware of two things:A 150ps highline manual 4motion will not get under the 2040kg to class as multipurporather than a T32 are probably my only regrets and things I would change if ordering today.Our van is a camper and I have been a bit nervous go	oing onto some campsites over winter for fear of getting	stuck (came close on our first trip towing my boat trailer but a	after a lot of wheel spin, etc, still managed to get off). I did consider 4 motion when I
was ordering but the convertor talked me out of it on the basis that it would significantly reduce the capacity of my underslung water tank, etc It muddy fields and have a horse so winter stables and field runs are much easiera friend never saw the benefit and loved her 2WD until she ha			
oit to be honest; but well you know, One Life, Live it. As proper off-roaders say 4M all day long. We have the rear axel diff lock, not sure if I need motion. For everything else 2wd and winter tyres. Unless you're one of those people who have to have a Chelsea tractor because. Last edited by a	that bit to be honest; but well you know, One Life, Live	it. As proper off-roaders say I always thought that slogan was f	for Land Rovers, but have just found this Towing, muddy fields, forestry tracks, 4
charged!! T6 is seeing more mud than my Defender :-(Towing, muddy fields, forestry tracks, 4 motion. For everything else 2wd and winter tyres.	Unless you're one of those people who have to have a C	Chelsea track because. 4motion massively improves the van on	the road too; better handling, grip, no understeer, way better in the wet, etc.Dedicated
Winter tyres are awful; ruin the handling, sidewalls way too soft.Decent All Weathers are far better. Hi if it helps this is my view I've had 2 Twd tr kombi. I am as happy as a pig in sh@!t!!!If I use the 4motion or not I've justified it to myself and the family and we are all happy. If you want it an	nd can afford it , go for it it's sad I know but it makes me	e smile when I see the 4motion badge on my van. This year I wil	ill put it through its paces and go places I probably shouldn't but every journey I make I
can think I could go up that lane if I wanted to. Just my view Enjoy it My only regret on my van is that it is not 4motion! I have a off grid camper w lock; Hill Decent because in our daily summer use of the T6, they don't often come into play. The bank is about 4m high, and very rutted (LHS) so			
revs; it goes straight up no problem with diff lock On; or indeed diff lock Off.But if I stop and park half way up; there is no chance of setting off ac (cue Life of Bryan) I think it all depends what you want to do with your van as to 4motion or not.The previous owner of my van lowered it and put	gain to the top, unless diff lock is On. It goes nowhere w	rith diff lock Off. Had no problems with 2wd in beast from the e	east, dont miss not having 4wd, never having had it. Thank goodness were all different
make a huge difference if its wet. I have had standard t32 springs back on it and today its having latitude cross tyres fitted to Improve its traction	n ability (going on 17 inch rather than the 18s on it now) Having driven a pick up with bf goodritch tyres and having ha	ad it dance out on me on 3 roundabouts I would much rather drive a 4motion with good
cross tyres than a 2wd with off road tyres .I had towed with a 2wd 174 for 5 years before and the concern about wet fields or even greasy grass fi slick road tyres on it but never took it off road at all.I tow a twin axle caravan, next week I tow it to Glastonbury festival as I'm working on infrast			
ability (going on 17 inch rather than the 18s on it now)Having driven a pick up with bf goodritch tyres and having had it dance out on me on 3 refields isn't nice . 4motion almost the way for me , but horses for courses I guess I can pretty much ditto your story, I had my T5 2wd 174 with AT			
week trip crossing the Northern Route in Mongolia and I very much doubt if we could have made the crossing without four wheel drive. I have lot All Terrain Tyres (6) for the trip, no punctures, and they were brilliant so we have decided to keep them on all year round. View attachment 5693	ts of videos and photos where you can see various wheel	els off the ground due to the rough terrain, and from the inside	you could hear all four wheels scrabbling for grip on some slopes. We fitted BF Goodrich
crip crossing the Northern Route in Mongolia and I very much doubt if we could have made the crossing without four wheel drive. I have lots of v	ideos and photos where you can see various wheels off t	the ground due to the rough terrain, and from the inside you co	ould hear all four wheels scrabbling for grip on some slopes. We fitted BF Goodrich All
Terrain Tyres (6) for the trip, no punctures, and they were brilliant so we have decided to keep them on all year round. Hi dont suppose you have but I will be at CamperMart and will be happy to chat to anyone about the trip. 4wd for me Put it it test on many of the sites that I was working o			
my Mum's over 70s ramblers club The guy that started it (now dead) said it was a common phrase with Aussie surfers and rock climbers in the early our ever in a tricky situation and it will also help increase re-sale value Im planning to order a 199 6.1 DSG van but I really cant make my mind			
be used off road but Im interested to hear your real world reviews on how the 4M handles on the road compared to the 2wd. Has anyone changed	d from a 2wd to 4M?Your advice will be much appreciate	ed. Cheers Page 3 I loved my precious 4M t5.1, But never used	l it in anger in mud or snow. It makes the van a bit heavyer, adds more things to go
wrong. More expensive. More servicing cost But I would still spec it again. Unfortunately it was not an option on the sportline I have now With So even though I miss not having it now I'm happy that any possible issues and expenses realing to 4m will be avoided this time. Fyi tarmac was	arrior work van. I have a 4Motion and have to concede I'	've never driven a 2WD. If we think back to the old days, vans l	like the Transit, were usually rear wheel drive, which works because the more weight
you put in the back, the more traction you got. Front wheel drive vans can struggle for traction when loaded up and the road is wet or icy. Obviou Quattro, people didn't always need all wheel drive, but it gave advantages in certain circumstances. On a slippery road 4Motion is reassuringly go			
only drove on dry tarmac I wouldn't want 4Motion. But I don't I've got a fairly new 6.1 199 4M Kombi and what the previous two posts say su more impressed with every time I use it Thanks all for your comments. Im now swaying towards a 4M but just working out if its really worth it es			
order 4Ms all being a T32 which would then make wheel and tyre choice limited Can the van not be downplated? I have the 4Mo T32 i wouldn't option, but a lot of people searching for a 4M will pay a premium for a vehicle with it so will help when you come to sell it I have the 4Mo T32	let the wheel and tyre choice put you off theres plenty	y of choice if you're factory specing it then its probably worth	a adding the diff lock dash button as mentioned on another thread not an essential
essential option, but a lot of people searching for a 4M will pay a premium for a vehicle with it so will help when you come to sell it Thanks Ja	son. How do you find the 4motion? I didn't have a 2WD	to compare it to but yes, really pleased with iti went 4Mo d	liff lock for light off road across fields in it and its been great provides some peace of
mind in those situations you'll get a few mpg less on longer drives, it handles and drives beautifully but I've dropped mine 40mm with Konis fitt about its ability off road 4 motion will not do much for you in mud and snow if you just run summer road tyres. A 2WD with off road/winter/all sea			
making a brisk getaway from a slippery junction doesn't need a second thought in the Tig, whereas the van needs a more delicate approach. Comfeel rather than torque steering all over the place I didn't have a 2WD to compare it to but yes, really pleased with iti went 4Mo diff lock for li	pletely understand @dubber36. Ive managed with a 2w	d 180bhp caddy just fine but Im wondering if the extra power a	and maybe some more weight in the rear might make the 4motion give it a more planted
with Konis fitted, i suppose you should weigh up your needs and if you really want it then go for it Sounds like youve picked the perfect van for corque steering all over the place Sounds like youve picked the perfect van for your needs. Im also planning on 40mm Konis. Did you go to crs per	r your needs. Im also planning on 40mm Konis. Did you	go to crs performance? Im also thinking 199bhp (possibly more	e if its mapped) with some weight in the back might be more suited to 4M rather than
Koni's it completely transformed the ride 255/45/19s also gives it a more planted feel the T32 also has the upgraded thicker ARB as standard	so again improved handling and cornering The 199	has plenty of power you may not even feel the need for a re-n	map i have the dsg and its so smooth through the 7 speed box its a pleasure to drive
my only complaint and its minor is the lag on acceleration from a standing start which requires a dsg gearbox remap its on my list when I'm out I've not heard of anyone using one of those Lots of people on a Golf GTI forum use them and say it transforms the car. I understand they are int	erchangeable between vehicles too, so unlike a remap,	you can take it with you. Loads of Tiguan owners swear by the	pedal box. Mine was a 240 so I cant say I noticed a problem when pulling away but a lot
of 150 and 190 owners had them. This is my 1st deisel. My 1st 4WD. Im more than happy with how it drives and 204bhp seems plenty in a van to braking. Its quite spongey and soft. I think it needs seats with side support. 4 Motion all the way. The difference in handling and grip is unbelieva			
previous 2WD T5's wouldn't have managed it. Make sure you get the diff-lock option included as well because even 4Mo's can easily get stuck on enough any more (3 kids with all their kit). Anyway, my budget basically stretches to a Startline 150 with a few options. Question is do i go 4motic	ice, or if the opposite wheel is ever in the air. And diff le	ock its an add on Page 4 Slightly different question from me.l	Im looking to trade up to a Kombi from a Touareg. Love the T-reg, but boot not big
when it snows it gets fun, but the i recon 2wd with AS tyres is just fine. The main issue is towing my caravan, only do it maybe 5 times a year, but with good tyre. DSG with LED headlights a must. If it came to it I'd rather have a manual with 4mo and led lights over a dsg without. Why are the	you can guarantee once or twice a year we end up leavi	ing what was a well drained field which is now a bogso4motic	on or DSG? Stay with the T6 not the 6.1 and go for 4m with diff lock if a must or 2WD
petter, the LEDs are very, very good, but I suppose it depends on what you're used to. Does your Touareg have Xenon or LED headlights or stand	lard halogen bulbs? If the answer to that is Xenon or LE	D then you need LED in the T6 or you will wonder if you've eve	en got the lights turned on, especially with the H4 headlights. If you're used to halogen
headlights in the Touareg then you might find H7 headlamps in a T6 OK. You'll never be happy with the H4 headlights in a T6, regardless of what H7 headlight units and these were better (but still well short of the Audi Xenons). It wasn't long after having the H7 units fitted that I swapped th	nem out for genuine VW LED headlight units. They are o	outstanding. The LED retrofit is expensive, so you're much bette	er off finding a van that has them already. Touareg has 25w Bi-Xenons i think. LED not
even an option on the startline, H7s come as standard Touareg has 25w Bi-Xenons i think. LED not even an option on the startline, H7s come as s being offered. T6.1 new. Dealers desperate to sell new at the moment, big discount being offered. Try and test drive one after dark! Even better,			
ot of rural driving in the dark, but it's difficult as they aren't available on start line vans and it's start line vans that you're looking at. Its something revious manuals i've had with manuals have always started to have clutch issues after 70k miles of towing; partially down to my driving style i g			
with a manual box. Previous manuals i've had with manuals have always started to have clutch issues after 70k miles of towing; partially down to used parts sourced from eBay and would've been 1500 but for the 300 I got back for selling my aftermarket H7 headlights. Retro fitting companies	my driving style i guess. On the T6.1 I don't know if any	yone has done an aftermarket upgrade using genuine LED head	dlights yet, but as a comparison it cost me 1200 to do it on my T6 and that was using all
If it were me I would want to drive the H7 T6.1 in the dark and make my own mind up.As for DSG, I would have that on my next van, I too tow a c	caravan a few times a year and find it OK with the manu-	al, but would much prefer the DSG, I just couldn't stretch to DS	SG when I was buying my van. TBH i reckon it wont be an issue for me. I just got rid of
an Audi TT that i was using for my 100 mile commute. it was 16 years old and cost me 1200, pretty sure that had Halogens and was never a proble the lack of foot rest When i bought i was on the cusp of the change from T6 to T6.1 - So had the option I opted for the T6 and so glad i didI	find the DSG is a pleasure to drive but like others have	ve said don't feel pressured by the dealer and test drive a few	v first If you can I would go for dsg and 4 motion also go for the 204 or 199 depending
on modelWhen I specked mine I went for the items I wanted that were not easily upgraded laterI do see a lot of post with people saying dont buy options that I personally preferred and if I had added the lights my build would have nudged over 60kIn reality it is only a work van a very fast an	nd luxurious work vanWorst case scenario if you get the	spec wrong you can always trade it in in 3 years and then do the	he spec you really want youll lose a few quid but usually get it right second time round I
did To me lights are about safety, I often drive at night and let's be honest, in winter that can start soon after 4.00PM. There's lots of options I'd r lights, that way you'll know if they are good enough for you. I understand what your saying did you spec your van with led lights or have you done			
ights Just a suggestion Page 5 Why not go for a 150 (cheaper than a 199 / 204) with 4M and LED lights (agree with everyone LED is a must) you one was a manual 140 obviously 6 speed fantastic van nice performance good on fuel . the other 204 DSG very grown up van in all aspects . Both	u can always remap the 150, which would be a lot cheap	per than upgrading the lights Just a suggestion Went for the 15	50 DSG Highline in the end. My two pennance worth! I've owned two LWB 4Motions first
me.The 150 DSG will be fine with decent tyres and some mud mats. I'll need to take greater care towing uphill, but that's manageable and not oft	ten at all. The 204 DSG 4M was too expensive for us too	, didnt stop us gettiing one though. Things lovely to drive. Bette	ter than my Saab Aero. Prob weighs the same. How much is a T6 4m to tax??? My first
one came through last month and was 265 i was surprised as it was over the 40k bracket when I bought it but it started life as a panel van which nearby green; the section I had parked in had just slightly muddied over (on a slight incline); and I wanted to adjust my parking so I could drive o	out 'front first'. I couldn't and so had to pray that the veh	nicle in the next bay had gone by the time we got back. Thankfu	ully it did. Online for a set of waffle boards. 2WD, havent got stuck yet and Ive been in
some pretty boggy fields.Less weight, less expense, less to go wrong and room for an underslung water tank.The only vehicle Ive ever abandoned 4 motion, we plan on camping and MTB use, and are coming from a 4wd suv so I was paranoid about getting stuck somewhere with 2wd Unless	<u>-</u>		
and your capabilitiesnot the fact its 4wd We're all different with different needs, for me yes, 4Motion and I'd have the diff lock too, although if c go where the 2WD won't. Even if I never went off road I'd still spec 4M, I'm not a fan of 200hp all going through the front wheels, especially if to			
not to have to worry about wheelspin (which can be an issue in the wet when towing a heavy caravan as I do), or torque steer when pressing on (sane. I just like the reassurance that having drive available to all 4 wheels gives for the variety of different driving that I do, simple as that. We're	mines a 204), both of which of course are eliminated by	having a 4motion. We all have different requirements. I've not	had a 2 wheel drive vehicle for 20 years as I live a long way up a remote narrow hilly
year round, tyre choice is crucial but if two vans have the same good tyres the 4Motion van will go where the 2WD won't. Even if I never went off	road I'd still spec 4M, I'm not a fan of 200hp all going th	hrough the front wheels, especially if towing or with a couple of	of hundred Kg's in the back. Each to their own, it's a very subjective thing, some value
4Motion, others don't, nobody's right or wrong IMO. Hi @DaveD Your rightthe issue is if we understand the rationale of the questions being as understand were you are coming fromWhat about fuel consumption and resale values does it make much difference Regards The 4m seems to be	pretty popular here amongst owners, coming from a pic	ck up with rear wheel drive and optional 4wd.I cant help to feel	el a bit gutted the new 6.1 sportline van hasnt got 4m option, lost its shine tbh.Concerned
t wont hold the power down and will slide front end. 4motion feels a lot more planted on the road if going for 204 I think the 4motion is worth it Haldex with some clever branding! Don't forget that it's not really a 4x4, or even an AWD, system at all its just a Haldex with some clever bran			
me. Page 6 Don't forget that it's not really a 4x4, or even an AWD, system at all its just a Haldex with some clever branding! Not really fair or a the VW 4motion system you can never actually achieve 50% distribution to the rear coupling system, so its not really an AWD. Mines pleasant end			
remap pretty much the eliminates the front wheel spin? I would love to have permanent four-wheel-drive but too expensive for us to spec it and drear diff in the way. Depends what kind of conversion you are looking to do, but worth considering nonetheless! The Freelander had a different sy	lidnt want the extra service costs or repairs It's worth th	ninking about whether you want an undermounted water tank /	gas tank. I was quite disspointed at the lack of space for undermounted tanks with the
alluded to earlier in the thread, an FWD with the correct tyres will munch most AWD / Haldex systems on road tyres. Plus Haldex servicing costs	naughty! Maybe, but it was your post that used the ge	eneralisation 'Haldex'. No matter. I agree FWD with correct tyre	es for the situation will munch most AWD/Haldex on road tyres. But 4motion with correct
tyres for the situation will munch everything When I'm in a muddy field with a van load of logs in my 4Motion, which is fitted with the right tyres, ust dragging the rear wheels as a 2WD does. Horses for courses and for many it's not justified, but the comparison that I often read on this forum	n between a 2WD with the right tyres and a 4Motion wit	th the wrong tyres is daft - the right tyres also fit 4Motions! Am	n I right in thinking a DSG remap pretty much the eliminates the front wheel spin? I
would love to have permanent four-wheel-drive but too expensive for us to spec it and didnt want the extra service costs or repairs Hi ya .Had the which are better than the low profile F1 Goodyear tyresBig plus for me its great towing across wet grassI used to spin all too easily I cant wait til	l we can change our tires as wet grass is just a nightman	re. Camping on a steep field in East Prawle at the moment we	cant even get on the chocs (parking sideways down the slope). Darent go any further
down the slope we probably wouldnt get back up! Proper tires and I dont think we would have a problem I cant wait till we can change our tires a wouldnt get back up! Proper tires and I dont think we would have a problem I think you can knock the Dsg over to select a low gear in situations			
situations. Happy sliding I try not to use accelerator pedal at all and just let the DSG creep forward when it can. Its when I touch the pedal that the correct tyres for the situation will munch everything V ture. Have you got diff lock installed on yours? Mine came without, admittedly I didn'	he problems starts! Maybe, but it was your post that us	sed the generalisation 'Haldex'. No matter. I agree FWD with co	orrect tyres for the situation will munch most AWD/Haldex on road tyres. But 4motion
t, but I can't help but feeling my lack of a diff lock button fuels my apprehension irrationally of course! No I haven't but I kind of wish I had was member.If you're getting it on your Transporter I'd go for difflock too. I have a 4mot DSG 204. We tow/launch/recover a 2tonne RIB outfit. We als	ited to find one with the diff lock. Too late now I've used	d 4Motion to rescue other 4x4's from muddy fields (in my Amaro	rok). It works brilliantly and I'm a 7 year Land Rover Defender owner and 4x4 Rescue
had to use it. Id swap diff lock for a low box any day. This is one for you 4motion guys and girls, we live in quite a hilly area and get affected by sr	now quite badly when it comes, so wondering if the addi	ition of 4motion is worth holding out for? I only had mine about	t six weeks when we had the first snow of the year. It was just great going along. As with
anything heavy. It was stopping it which made you bite the seat! i do not have the diff lock, but its done all thats asked of it in the four years I have wait and bear the extra purchase cost and maintenance cost? With the right tyres it'll certainly help you up the hills, won't do you much good con	ning back down the other side though! I've got a 2wd an	nd with decent 4 season tyres it got me up every hill I came acro	ross in the snow a few winters back and I'm in Sheffield which isn't known for is flat
topography. None of the above is a reason not to get a 4motion though, if they'd have made the TSI's with 4motion I'd have gone for it. All good p waiting and searching for. I have 4motion & have in a previous Cali.As stated suitable tyres make a massive difference. My 2p is this; If you like t			
back.Is it totally necessary given any winter/towing/load situation ermno, but nice to have if or availability isnt an issue Page 7 I've had 4wd vehic that my daily driver for the last 3 years has been a Nissan Navara. Over that 3 years, I think I turned on the 4wd system once when I was pulling			
I rarely used 4wd I had bfg ko2 tyres fitted as soon as i got it. So as long as you aren't properly offroading, a 2 wheel drive with decent all terra correctly. I had my last T5 for 13 years. Standard 1.9tdi 2wd. In all those years it never let me down in the snow. I found it best with M&S tyres we have the correctly.	in tyres should perform in most day to day situations. D	river education also plays a huge part. I've seen people in land	rovers with permenant 4wd get stuck because they didn't know how to drive off road
ot of my neighbours thought my van was 4wd as I used to go to work everyday in the snow while they sat at home. TBH most idiots cant drive in	the snow. Especially BMW owners We have a 4m with D	Desert Duellers. Most of the time it would never switch on but v	when it does the extra traction and ability to proceed is very good. Serval months ago in
butback Queenland I foolishly crossed a levy and drove toward a river bank. It was only when I turned the steering wheel and the vehicle tended but of what was a risky situation including an uphill climb over a badly washed away surface. I am sure a 2wd could not have done it. Yes, it was s	stupid to have crossed the levy in the first place but the	old adage (at least in Australia) proved true - you dont need a 4	4wd until you do. On paper, 4mot is far more useful than aircon or LED head lights, but
no one would question whether its worth having AC & LED. We have a 4m with Desert Duellers. Most of the time it would never switch on but wheel and the vehicle tended to go straight ahead that I realised I was in trouble. What looked like a nice, even, dry surface was really thick grey	mud. By gently accelerating the 4m kicked in and I was	s able to turn the vehicle and drive out of what was a risky situa	ation including an uphill climb over a badly washed away surface. I am sure a 2wd could
not have done it.Yes, it was stupid to have crossed the levy in the first place but the old adage (at least in Australia) proved true - you dont need a problem we would have had if we were struck was that we had already run out of whisky and rye. Reason we brought a 4M is we live in Hilly Cun	nbria and drive over the passes daily/weekly, my previou	us FWD ford van made it over Kirkstone pass many times in the	e winter ice/ slush/snow, passing stuck AWD cars, but I always fitted the continental
winter contact tyres all round, they worked great if I kept up momentum, but if I had to stop or slow for a struggling vehicle then things got very wet road, his tyres and the weight of the van made it impossible. If your van is carrying weight or towing 4M is a wise choice, ours is the manual 1	interesting. Hill starts on very steep wet roads also had	the clutch burning, my van is usually heavy loaded. Had a friend	d in a new Cali who had to abandon his route over Hardknott pass in the summer as the
road, tow / launch boats or drive on snow, I would question whether you need it, but it is also useful when pulling out of side roads sharpish!		5 2 sales to be daded I am often in inu	g 1.g 1.g 1.d 1.dd god oldomir you don't logaldry go on

What is vw transporter 4motion. Vw transporter 6.1 4motion review. Transporter 4motion review. Vw transporter tdi450 4motion review. Vw transporter t4 2.5 benzin. Vw transporter t5 4motion review. Vw transporter 4motion off road review. Vw transporter 204 dsg 4motion review. Vw transporter double cab 4motion review. Vw transporter 4motion how does it work. Vw transporter t6 1 4motion review. Vw t4 multivan syncro. Vw transporter t6 4motion review.