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The heart of Munich beats at Marienplatz, where historic landmarks like the Neue Rathaus and Altes Rathaus converge. This vibrant square is a popular meeting spot for sightseeing tours, offering an array of cafes, shops, and the iconic Glockenspiel in the Neues Rathaus tower. Neues Rathaus boasts a neo-Gothic façade, built between 1867 and 1909 by architect Georg von Hauberrisser. The daily Glockenspiel in its tower attracts visitors worldwide, depicting two significant events from Munich's history: the wedding of Duke Wilhelm V and the Schöffler dance. The Münchner Kindl at the top of the tower serves as a city landmark. ###ARTICLEThe Residenz palace complex in Munich's historic city centre is one of Bavaria's biggest museum complexes, featuring over 150 rooms furnished with antique furniture. Visitors can take a guided tour to explore the vault where regular pub visitors at the Hofbräuhaus often find themselves, and enjoy Bavarian pub music played almost every day. In warmer months, they can sit in the inner courtyard garden of the pub. The Residenz was initially a small moated castle outside the city fortifications but is now Germany's largest city centre palace, showcasing the splendor of past centuries. The Antiquarium is the largest Renaissance hall north of the Alps at almost 70 metres long. Visitors should pay attention to the details in the rooms, including small pictures, clocks, and vases. A combined ticket for the Residenzmuseum also grants access to the Treasury and Cuvillies-Theatre. The private "Rich Chapel" of Duke Maximilian I is another highlight. The Allerheiligen-Hofkirche was rebuilt and now hosts concerts and events, while the Kaisersaal was a major banqueting hall in the 17th century. Visitors can get lost exploring the complex's numerous rooms and corridors, including the grand Kaisertreppe leading to the Kaisersaal of the same name. The treasure chamber is filled with crowns, jewels, swords, porcelain, jewellery, and medals on display. The "Yellow Staircase" provides access to the Königsbau, while visitors may wonder if the Wittelsbachs ever got lost in the Residenz's vast corridors. Brilliant silver services decorated festive tables of electors and kings. There are plenty of activities suitable for all ages at the children's area and experimental workshop to explore. Visitors can relax with a drink or meal on the outdoor terrace of 'Frau im Mond' restaurant, where you can enjoy a nice view over Isar River. The Kunstareal München is Europe's largest cultural center in terms of space. It has 18 museums, six universities, numerous cultural institutions and galleries spread out across an area measuring just 500m x 500m. Some of the most popular sights include Alte Pinakothek, Pinakothek der Moderne, Lenbachhaus, Brandhorst Museum, and State Museum of Egyptian Art. Maxvorstadt is a lively neighborhood surrounding Kunstareal with numerous cafes, restaurants, and pubs to choose from. The Munich Olympiapark was designed for 1972 Summer Olympics and has since become an outdoor recreational spot for local residents. People can enjoy leisure activities like picnics, walking, or sports. The Olympiaturm (Olympic Tower) offers stunning panoramic views of the city, even on special days with clear weather. At night, the tower shines brightly in red and white colors during FC Bayern Munich football matches. Nearby is BMW Welt, a car and technology museum that has been open since 2007. The futuristic glass-and-steel building features a striking double cone design. Visitors can see various exhibitions of all BMW brands, including historical and future vehicle developments. Admission to BMW Welt is free, and new cars arriving in the 'Premiere' area can be observed from inside the inner bridge. There's also a fine-dine restaurant called The Cloud by Käfer, Bavarie Brasserie, CooperS bistro, and shop selling lifestyle articles. The Allianz Arena, an architectural masterpiece designed by Herzog & de Meuron, is one of Munich's most iconic landmarks since its opening in 2005. It offers a vast seating capacity for football matches with excellent viewing opportunities for spectators. The arena lights up in red and white colors during FC Bayern Munich home games. An arena tour allows visitors to explore the entire stadium from team dressing rooms to the players' tunnel. Schloss Nymphenburg, once a summer residence of the Wittelsbach dynasty, is now one of Europe's largest palace complexes with numerous cultural attractions. Visitors can take an extended city tour that includes Schloss Nymphenburg Palace and its picturesque park castles. Nymphenburg Palace is situated near various attractions including the Porzellanmanufaktur Nymphenburg, Marstallmuseum with its carriage collection, Botanischer Garten München-Nymphenburg and the hop-on-hop-off tour stop. The palace can be visited separately from the tour buses.

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